Benator took his seat, quickly checked by Vice President Stevenson. All eyes were turned upon Mr. Gorman, whom Mr. Mills had specified by name as mainly responsible for the "concessions," muscle. Mr. Brice was not in the chamber

at the time. The pending amendment was then agreed to, and Mr. Lodge offered his amendment to impose double duties in the bill against Great Britain until that country should agree to an international ratio for the cofnage of silver. Senator Stewart followed with a long free silver speech. Senator Peffer followed him. Senator McPherson held that the provision of the amendment would be in contravention of international courtesy and would be a system of coercion. Eng-land, he said, had no use for silver coinage.

TELLER'S REMEDY. Mr. Teller did not believe that this was the way to deal with the silver question. Every one knew that as long as Mr. Cleveland remained in the White House there was no hope of independent silver legislation. He was ready to do anything to force England to her knees. He did not believe in standing hat in hand awaiting England's pleasure. England would never go into a conference with the United States until she was compelled to do so. If he had the power he would absolutely inhibit the importation of English goods until that country should submit to an international agreement. He did not think England would complain if we said to her, "You shall not have the benefit of our market unless you take your hand off the throat of the monetary prosperity of the world."

Mr. Platt supported the amendment and

Mr. Vest opposed it. Mr. Lodge concluded

Mr. Harris insisted upon his motion to lay the amendment upon the table at the conclusion of Mr. Lodge's remarks, cutting of Mr. Dubois, who desired to speak. The amendment was laid on the table—31 to 20- a strict party vote, as follows: Yeas-Allen, Bate, Berry, Blanchard, Brice, Caffery, Call, Cockrell, Coke, George, Gibson, Gorman, Gordon, Gray, Harris, Hunton, Jarvis, Jones, McLaurin, McPherson, Martin, Mills, Palmer, Pasco, Pugh, Ransom, Roach, Turple, Vest, Walsh, White, a total of 31. Nays-Allison, Dolph, Dubois, Gallinger. Hale, Hansbrough, Hawley, Higgins, Hoar, Lodge, McMillin, Manderson, Perkins, Platt, Proctor, Shoup, Squire, Stewart, Tel-

ler, Washburn, a total of 20. The Democrats who did not vote were paired in favor of the motion. Senator Allen, Populist, voted with the Democrats and announced that Kyle was paired with Mr. Morrill on all questions relating to the tariff. Peffer was absent, and no pair was announced for him. The vote of Allen and the announcement of the pair of Senator Kyle is taken to mean that these Senators will vote with the Democrats on the tariff Afer an executive session the Senate ad-

CLEVELAND DEFENDED.

The Carnegie Armor Plate Frauds Discussed in the House.

WASHINGTON, May 9 .- In the House, to-day, after the reading of yesterday's journal, the Speaker laid before the House certain Senate bills and resolutions. Among these was a resolution for the printing of 8,000 copies of the eulogies of the late Randall Lee Gibson, Senator from Louisiana, and Mr. Richardson asked unanimous consent for its consideration. No objection was made, but Mr. Reed and Mr. Burrows took occasion to express the hope that a stop would soon be put to this useless expenditure of money. Mr. Burrows thought that members of Congress never read the eulogies, but either gave them away or threw them away. At least he knew it was so in his own case. The resolution was then agreed to.

The House passed the bill to authorize the East St. Louis and St. Louis Bridge and Construction Company to build a bridge across the Mississippi river at St.

House bill, granting to the Columbia Irrigation Company the right of way through the Yaquima Indian reservation,

At 1:05 p. m. Mr. Cummings, in charge of the naval appropriation bill, moved that the House go into committee of the whole to consider the bill, and, pending that, moved to limit general debate to four hours, and on this demanded the previous question. The Republicans began to fili-buster. Before the filibuster had proceeded very far Mr. Cummings had a consultation with the Republican leaders, the result of which was that he agreed to extend the time of general debate to seven hours, three and a half hours on each side. The House then went into committee of the whole, Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee, in

Prior to going into committee of the whole Mr. Springer, chairman of the committee on banking and currency, reported favorably his bill to suspend the taxation of 10 per cent, on State bank issues during money stringencies, and gave notice that he would call up the bill for consideration a week from to-day. Mr. Cox, a member of the same committee, gave notice that when the bill was called up he would offer an amendment to repeal for all time the 10 per cent. State bank tax. Mr. Dolliver protested against the scan-dals, ilbels and party criticisms leveled at the navy and the officers of the Navy De-

Mr. Meikeljohn stated that at the proper time he would offer an amendment provid-ing that if the damage sustained by the government from the substitution by the Carengie company of fraudulent plates exceeded the sum of \$140.000 the amount of the damage should be recovered from the

Mr. Pendleton, of West Virginia, replied to the charge that the President was influenced by the publication of Andrew Carnegle's letter favoring tariff reform to reduce the judgment of the Secretary of the Navy from \$284,000 on account of armor frauds. Such a charge, he said, was absurd. Whatever siander and detraction had been huried at Grover Cleveland, and heaven knows no man in public life had ever been subjected to such calumnies and attacks, every one knew that he was not a man of such dishonest action. No one would believe that Mr. Cleveland would think a letter from Mr. Carnegie on the tariff question was worth \$140,000, or would be worth any sum at all. Every true Democratic tariff reformer would treat such a letter with great suspicion, for it was well known that Mr. Carnegle was the chief beneficiary of a protective tariff. After some discussion the committee rose, and the House, at 4:30, adjourned.

MAY STAY IMMIGRATION. Mr. McGann's View of the Effect of

European Labor Laws. WASHINGTON, May 9 .- Representative McGann, chairman of the labor committee, predicts that a turn in the tide of immigration is not far off, and that when it is, it will offer the solution to the depressed condition of American labor now existing. "The tide of immigration had been steadily toward the United States for years," said Mr. McGann, "until the labor market of Europe is being so drained that the commercial classes are awake to the necessity co keeping their labor at home. Furthermo the leading men of Germany, France and Great Britain place the labor question foremost among the great national questions, while in this country the public men who seek to advance the cause of labor are set down as demagogues. Bismarck and King William are urging reforms to ameliorate the condition of labor. In France labor is recognized by the government to the extent of establishing public bureaus for labor, similar to our intelligence offices, where employes can secure men and men can se-cure work. In England they are twentyfive years ahead of us in lending government assistance to labor. There are two half holidays each week-Wednesday and Saturday afternoons-during which it is illegal to keep men at work. Public halls are provided for the meetings of workmen. Public parks are designated where they may spend their half holldays. Premier Rosebery is following Gladstone in aiding toward the better condition of labor. And while European countries are thus bending every energy toward helping labor, the United States is standing still. We are already far behind our foreign neighbors, and while they are going ahead we are going backward. This cannot but be recognized by labor before long, and it will surely result in turning the tide of immigration away from the United States."

Voorhees and Turple at Work .

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, May 9 .- Senators Voorhees and Turple spent but little time in the Senate to-day. First they accompanied State Senator McDonald and Representative McNagny to the White House, where the effort to obtain a pardon for Ritter was renewed. This time Mr. Cleveland relented and finally consented to reopen the case. Then the two Senators joined Representative Taylor and Captain Zuchsiegle, of Evansville, whom they escorted to the

Treasury. Captain Zuchsiegle is an old constituent of Secretary Carlisle, but the pur-pose of his visit to-day with his political backing was to enter a plea for appoint-ment as an inspector of buildings.

Pensions for Life Savers. WASHINGTON, May 9.-Some attention will soon be given by the House committee on pensions to the Cummings bill granting pensions to certain persons in the life-saving service. Various efforts have been made to get favorable action by the House of legislation similar to that proposed by the bill now pending, but without avail. The meritorious nature of the measure is acknowledged, and in 1881 Secretary John Sherman recommended that Congress take early steps for the extension of the pension laws to the crews of the life-saving establishment.

Appointments to Office.

WASHINGTON, May 9.-15; President to-day sent the following nominations to the Senate: Ambrose S. Campbell, of Nebraska, to be register of the land office at McCook, Neb. To be receivers of public money: Patrick Gibbons, McCook, Neb.; Eimer Williams, O'Neill, Neb.; William B. Morrison, Lincoln, Neb. Lloyd Wilkin-son, to be appraiser of merchandise in the district of Baltimore, Md.

To Reimburse Nebeker.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, May 9.- The bill to reimburse ex-Treasurer Nebeker the \$10,000 lost or stolen from the treasury vaults while he was treasurer, passed the House this morning. Messrs. McMillin and Bryan first interposed objections, but subsequently were persuaded by Representative Brook-shire to permit the bill to pass.

General Notes.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, May 9 .- Louis D. Smith, of Terre Haute, Vernon Davis, of Muncie, and G. W. Frey, of Indianapolis, are here attending the annual convention of the American Ticket Brokers' Association. Dr. Guzeman, the Nicaraguan minister

here, has received information by cable from his government to the effect that United States Consul Braida, whose exequatur was withdrawn by that govern-ment on account of the part he took in the effort to organize a provisional government at Bluefields, has been temporarily rein-

Representative McNagny has finally determined to permit the patrons of the Ligonler postoffice to elect their postmaster. Professor Mendenhall, the chief of the Coast and Goedetic Survey, has declined the offer to become president of the Ohio State University.

DOESN'T WANT SAMOA

Cleveland's Administration Wear of the Tripartite Agreement.

Correspondence Submitted to the Senat in Which Gresham Reviews Our Relations with the Islands.

WASHINGTON, May 9.-The Presiden to-day submitted to the Senate the corre spondence relative to Samoa called for b Senator Quay's resolution of the 6th ul The correspondence is very voluminous, Indianapolis 0 0 2 1 covering about ten thousand pages. In submitting it to the President Secretary Gresham had taken the opportunity to set out at length his conclusions as to the workings of the tripartite agreement. This letter of the Secretary's is certain to give rise to much discussion and controversy. As a period of almost five years has elapsed since the conclusion of the general act of Berlin, the present occasion is, the Secretary says, not inappropriate for a review of its results. In order that the subject may be fully comprehended he presents a general survey of our relation to Samoa, both before and since the conclusion of the general act, and recites the policy we have pursued toward the island. It is in our relations to Samoa that we have made the first departure from our traditional and well-established policy of avoiding entangling alliances with foreign powers in relation to objects remote from this hemisphere. Like all other human transactions, the wisdom of that departure must be tested by its fruits. If there be no evi-dence of detriment suffered before its adoption, or of advantage since gained, we are confronted with the serious responsibility of having, without sufficient grounds, im-periled a policy which is not only coevil with our country, but to which may in great measure be ascribed the peace, prosperity and the moral influence of the United

In 1873 a special agent named Steinberger was sent to the islands by the Department of State for the purpose of obtaining information in regard to their condition. This step seems to have been suggested by certain "highly respectable commercial persons," who represented the opportunities of increasing our commercial relations in that quarter of the globe, and by the circumstances that in the preceding year a naval stances that in the preceding year a naval officer of the United States, acting on his own responsibility, had entered into an agreement with the great chief of the bay of Pago Pago, whereby the latter, while professing his desire for the friendship and rotection of the United States, granted to this government the exclusive privilege of establishing in that harbor a naval station. In May, 18/2, President Grant communicated this agreement to the Senate, saying that he would not hesitate to recommend its approval but for the protection to which it seemed to piedge the United States. It does not appear that the Senate took any action on the agreement. Secretary Gresham continues with an account of Steinberger's cor nection with Samoa and his efforts to bring about the annexation of the islands to the United States, his unauthorized promise to the islanders of the protection of the United States, and his final deportation from the islands on a British man-of-war. The Stein-berger-Godfrey agreement is also recounted. On Jan. 16, 1878, there was concluded at Washington the treaty which up to the ratification of the general act of Berlin, twelve years later, contained the only formal definition of the relations of the United States to the Samoan group. The impres-sion produced by a discriminating examination of these treaty stipulations is that they were inspired rather by an amiable desire on the part of our government not to ap-pear to be wholly insensible to the friendly advances of the Samoans, than by any supposition that the character of our relations to Samoa greatly concerned us. The way, however, was then open to form with Samoa any connection that our interests might seem to require. The occasion to make good the obligation of the United States under the treaty of 1878 to employ its good offices in behalf of the Samoan government arose in 1885, when Dr. Steubel. the German consul-general, took possession of all the land within the municipality of Apia, so far as the Samoan government's sovereign rights to it were concerned, to hold it as security till an understanding with that government should be arrived at for the protection of German interests. As a counter demonstration the American con-sul, Greenbaum, raised the American flag and proclaimed a protectorate. Subsequently our ministers at London and Berlin were instructed to say that the claim of an American protectorate over Samoa by the United States consul at Apia was wholly unauthorized and disapproved, no protectorate by any foreign power being desired; and, to suggest that the British and German ministers at Washington be instructed to confer with the Secretary of State with a view to the establishment of order. The Secretary details at some length the events connected with the tripartite protec-orate in Samoa, the establishment of a new form of government, the election of Malie-toa as king, the reluctance of the natives to accept new regime, the resort to coercive measures, the breaking out of war in July, 1893, the intervention of the treaty powers, and the deportation of Mataafa and eleven other chiefs. Then followed the appointment of Henry C. Ide as Chief Justice and

their real proportions. Our experience in the case of Samoa serves to show that for our usual exemption from the consequences of their infirmity we are indebted to the wise policy that had previously preserved us from such engagements as those embodie in the general act of Berlin, which, besides involving us in an entangling alli-ance, has utterly failed to correct, if, indeed, it has not aggravated the very evils it was designed to prevent."

the more recent troubles in Samoa. The

"Soberly surveying the history of our re-

lations with Samoa, we well may inquire what we have gained by our departure from our established policy, beyond the expenses, the responsibilities and the entangle-

ments that have so far been its only fruits.

One of the greatest difficulties in dealing

with matters that lie at a distance is the

fact that the imagination is no longer re-

strained by the contemplation of objects in

Secretary concludes as follows:

A Nice Pair. Martinsville Water and Schlitz Malt Extract are both doing wonders. Both are sold by J. Metzger & Co. Tel., 407.

HOOSIERS WIN A GAME

Indianapolis Defeats Detroit by a Score of 7 to 4.

Mauck Pitches Fairly Well and McTammany Makes a Home Run-Gray Plays at Third-Other Games.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

DETROIT. Mich., May 9 .- So rotten has been the baseball put up by Detroit of late that not over five hundred paid to see the opening game this afternoon between the Hoosiers and Vanderbock's "Milk Shakes," formerly the "Creams". It was just as well, for Detroit lost. Heretofore most of the games have been lost by bad box work. but to-day Harper pitched a magnificent game, only eight hits being made off him. Had the Detroit infield been as limber as ice wagons these eight should have been cut down to six. Of these eight one was a home-run drive by McTammany and another a two-baser by Gray, the only one of the day. Manager Sharsig sat on the bench before the game began and bewailed his hard luck. A colored boy sat down beside him, and the Hoosier manager then looked for luck and got it. Henry, the new man obtained from Toledo, occupied right field, but the new Cincinnati battery, Cross and Murphy, did not report. It will probably be on hand to-morrow. The Hoosiers did not score until the

third inning. With Mauck on first, thanks to Everett's muff. McTammany lifted the ball over the fence for a trip around the bases. In the fourth Leidy scored on Glenalvin's muff and Kreig's awful throw of twenty feet over Everett's head to catch him at third. The game was won and clinched in the seventh inning by a wholesale collection of hits, bases on balls, assisted by stupid Detroit fielding. Mauck singled and Plock and McTammany "walked" to the initial bag, filling the bases. Then Messrs, Graham, Leidy, Mills and Snyder cracked out the ball, making four runs before the side retired. Detroit made single runs in four innings. Al-though McGuckin knocked out a home run, there was no one on the bases at the time.

2	Score:	EG25 1	Carlo I		100	1.3
12	Detroit. A.B.		H.	O.	17.20	E,
8	Carroll, r 5	0	0	1	0	0
3	Everett, 3 4	0	1	1	3	2
	Earl. 1	1	2	5	0	0
а	Glenalvin, 2 5	0	1	4	1	1
п	McGuckin, 1 4	3	1	0	1	0
	Burns, m 5	0	3	5	0	0
m	Cross, s 3	0	1	3	1	1
7	Kreig, c 3	0	2	5	1	2
86	Harper, p 4	0	0	0	2	0
ш		-		-	-	-
ш	Totals36	4	11	24	9	6
ш	Indianapolis. A.B.	R.	H.	0.	A.	E.
490	MoTammany m 3	2	-0.0	25	0	0
9	Graham, s	ī	1	1	3	1
	Grav. 3 4	0	1	3	0	0
100	Leidy, 1		1	1	0	0
-13	Henry, r 4	0	0	3	1	0
37	Mills. 2 3	0	1	3	4	1
201	Snyder, c 4		1	3	1	0
	Mauck p	2	1	0	2	0
ш	Plock, 1 3	1	1	10	0	0
28		-	-	-	-	-
	Totals33	7	8	27	11	2
7	Score by innings:				or Wi	
	Detroit 0 0	0 1	0	1 0	1	1-4

Earned runs-Detroit, 1; Indianapolis, Two-base hit—Gray. Home runs—McTammany, McGuckin. Double play—Henry and Snyder. Struck out—By Harper, 3; by Mauck, 1. Time—1:50. Umpire—Sheridan. Toledo, 9; Grand Rapids, 3.

TOLEDO, O., May 9 .- Grand Rapids lost the game in the third inning, when Rhines forced in a run by bases on balls and Wright's failure to stop Carney's two-base hit let in four more. With the exception of that inning Rhines pitched good ball, but was miserably supported. Attendance, 1,650. Score:

Toledo0 0 5 0 0 0 0 3 1-9 17 Grand Rapids.0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 1-3 7 Batteries—Rhines and Spies; Foreman and McFarland. Earned runs — Toledo, 4; Grand Rapids, 2. First base by errors—Toledo, 4; Grand Rapids, 1. Left on bases—
Toledo, 8; Grand Rapids, 9. First base on
balls—Off Foreman, 5; off Rhines, 4. Struck
out—By Foreman, 3; by Rhines, 3. Twobase hits—Carney (2), Niland, Rhines. Sacrifice hits-Foreman, Parker. Stolen bases-Carney, Connor, McFarland, Carroll, Double plays—Connor, Niland and Carney; Rhines, Spies and Caruthers. Passed ball—Spies. Umpire—Mitchell. Time—2:20.

Milwaukee, 6; Kansas City, 7. MILWAUKEE, May 9 .- To-day's game with Kansas City was remarkable for the long hits made. After the first inning Luby kept the hits well scattered, while the Mil-waukees succeeded in bunching their drives on McGinnity at the right time. Score:

Milwaukee ...2 0 3 1 0 0 1 0 0-7 12 Kansas City..4 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0-6 12 Batteries—Luby and Clayton; McGinnity and Donahue. Earned runs—Milwaukee, 6; Kansas City, 5. Two-base hits—Howe. Lohman. Three-base hits—Carey, McVey, Sharp, Clayton, Luby, Howe. Stolen bases—Newman, Nichols (2). Double play—Luby and Carey. First base on balls—Sharpe, Luby, Howe. Hit by pitched ball—Shields. Struck out—McGinnity, Clayton (3), Clingman, Donahue, Newman. Time—Two hours. Umpire—McDonald.

Rain at Minneapolis. MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., May 9.-Rain interfered with the game to-day after the first half of the first inning.

The Western League Race. Games. Won. Lost. Grand Rapids 14 Kansas City 13 Indianapolis13 Milwaukee10 Minneapolis11

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburg Defeats Cincinnati 11 to 3 by Hard Hitting.

PITTSBURG, May 9 .- Pittsburg won today's game by clean and hard hitting. The game was characterized by fine work of the outfielders of both teams. Chamberlain started to pitch for the visitors, but was removed for indifferent work in the first inning. Attendance, 1.800. Score:

me. Trecommenced who			31.01	3 -	E 430	
Pittsburg. Stenzel, m. Donovan, r. Beckley, 1. Glasscock, s.	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.	1
Stenzel, m	. 2	4	2	3	0	
Donovan, r	. 3	1	1	3	es 0	
Beckley, 1	. 4	1	2	11	1	
Glasscock, s	. 4	2	2	1	2	
E. Smith, 1	- 4	0	2	2	0	
Mack, c Bierbauer, 2		1	1	5	1	
Bierbauer, 2	. 4	1	1	0	4	
Gumbert, p	. 3	0	U	1	2	
Totals	99	11	19	27	12	
Totals	A 77	-			-	1
Cincinnati.	A.B.	It.	H.	Q.	A.	1
Licar pa				_	0	
McCarthy, r	. 4	0	0	1	0	
McCarthy, r	. 0	1	1	0	1	
Holliday, I	. 2	1	1	4	0	
MaPhan 9	26	- 11	0	2	3	
Motz, 1	. 3	0			0	
Motz, 1		0	0	- 4	5	
3. Smith, s Dwyer, p	- 3		9	2	4	
owyer, p		0		ő		
Chamberlain, p	. 0		v	U	U	
Totals	35	3	9	94	15	ď
Score by innings:					20	
Score by minings.	. 0	0 0	1 1			1
Pittsburg	0	0 0	0 1	2	0 0	
Incinnati	, 0	0 0	0 1		9 0-	9
Earned runs-Pitts	bur	5, 9;	CH	eini	iati,	
Two-base hits Ster	nzel,	. 4	yone	5.	Dwy	e
Three-base hits-C.	Smi	tn,	vau	gnn,	Ho	Ш
lay. Home runs-Si	enze	7.Y - 11	yon	S	Sto	re
Two-base hits—Ster Three-base hits—C. lay. Home runs—St bases—Stenzel, Lathan Days—Bierbauer, Gl Dwyer, Smith and balls—Off Gumbert,	am,	rion	day	· D	Dog	Di
plays—Biernauer, Gi	Mo	OCK.	Etimo.	1 15	CURI	43
Dwyer, Smith and	NIO 1	CAPP.	Dime	t Di	9.	0
balls-Off Gumbert,	not-	OIL	De	Ch	and.	0

3; by Dwyer, 1. Passed ball—Mack. Time —1:55. Umpire—McQuaid. Cleveland, 4: Chiengo, 1. CLEVELAND, May 9 .- The fifteen hundred people who saw to-day's game nearly went wild in the eighth inning when McKean made a three-base hit and three men crossed the rubber. Up to that time Chicago looked like a sure winner. Score: A. B. R. H. O. A E. Cleveland. Childs, 2 5

Burkett, 1 4 McKean, s 4 Ewing, r..... Tebeau, 1...... 3 O'Connor, m 4 McGarr, 3 3 mmer, c Clarkson, p..... 3 Totals32 4 9 27 9

A. B. R. H. O. A. E. Ryan, r 3 Schriver, 3..... Wilmot. 1...... 2...... Lange, m 3 S

McGill, p..... Kittridge, c..... 3 Totals28 1 4 *26 13 "Zimmer out hit by batted ball. Score by innings:

Cleveland 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 0-Chicago 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 Earned runs-Cleveland, 4; Chicago, 1. Two-base hits-Childs, Kittridge. Threebase hit-McKean. Stolen base-Ewing. Double plays-Clarkson and Tebeau; Childs, McKean and Tebeau, First base on balls-Off Clarkson, 1; off McGill, 4. Struck out-By Clarkson, 3; by McGill, 2. Time-1:28. Umpire-Emslie.

Louisville, 6; St. Louis, 3. LOUISVILLE, May 9 .- The Browns could no touch Hemming for seven innings today, but they managed to knock out three earned runs in the last two. Swartwood's decisions caused much dissatisfaction to both teams, and Tom Brown was fined \$15 for kicking. Attendance, 1,500. Score:

Louisville1 0 0 4 1 0 6 0 0-6 6 0 St. Louis.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 1-3 9 3 Batteries-Hemming and Grim: Gleason and Buckley. Earned runs-Louisville, 2; St. Louis, 3. Two-base hits-Denny, Dowd. Three-base hits—Hemming, Weaver, Gleason, Cooley. Sacrifice hits—Pfeffer, Denny, Grim. Stolen bases—T. Brown, Pfeffer. Double plays—Twitchell and Weaver; Pfeffer, Richardson and Weaver. First base on balls-Off Hemming, 4; off Gleason, 6. Left on bases-Louisville, 7; St. Louis, 5. Struck out-T. Brown, Ely (2). Time-1:30. Umpire-Swartwood.

Baltimore, 12: Washington, 6. WASHINGTON, May 9.-Both sides batted freely, but the fielding errors of the home team decided the result in favor of Baltimore. Attendance, 1,500. Score:

R. H. E. Washington .0 0 4 1 0 0 0 0 1-6 10 Baltimore ...3 1 1 1 1 0 0 4 1-12 17 Batteries-Stockdale and Dugdale: Mc-Batteries—Stockdale and Dugdale; Mc-Mahon and Robinson. Earned runs—Washington, 5; Baltimore, 7. Two-base hits—Sullivan, Brouthers, Keeler, Robinson, Kelly. Three-base hits—Joyce, Abbey, Brouthers. Home run—Keeler. Stolen bases—Tebeau, McGraw, Bonner, Jennings, Keeler. Double play—Abbey and Cartwright. First base on balls—By Stockdale, 7; by McMahon, 7. Hit by pitched ball—Cartwright, McGraw. Passed ball—Robinson. Time—2:10. Umpire—Hurst. Brooklyn, 7; Boston, 3.

BROOKLYN, May 9.-Three singles, a double, a triple and three bases on balls won the game for Brooklyn in the first inning. Attendance, 3,500. Score:

Batteries-Lovett and Merritt: Kennedy Batteries—Lovett and Merritt; Kennedy and Kinslow. Earned runs—Boston, 3; Brooklyn, 2. Two-base hit—Daly. Three-base hits—Corcoran, Ganzel, McCarthy. Stolen bases—Daly, Treadway, Merritt. Double play—Griffin and Shindle. First base on balls—Off Lovett, 3; off Kennedy, 1. Hit by pitched ball—Tucker. Struck out—By Lovett, 2; by Kennedy, 1. Passed ball—Kinslow. Time—1:58. Umpire—Stage.

Muncie, 6; Findlay, 2.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MUNCIE, Ind., May 9 .- The baseball season in Munc'e was opened this afternoon. The Muncie and Findlay (O.) ball teams made a parade before the game. It was a pitchers' battle, in which Goar outclassed the man that recently let the Cincinnati League team down with two hits. Manager Raffert smashed out a three-bagger with the bases full. Findlay has a strong team, and Muncie believes her players invincible after a little practice. Score:

Muncle1 0 3 0 0 1 0 0 1-6 Findlay0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1-2 Batteries-Muncie, Goar and Raffert; Findlay, Pastorius and Woods. Struck out-By Goar, 10; by Pastorius, 2. Bases on balls -Off Goar, 1; off Pastorius, 4. Double play-Muncie, 1. The same teams play to-morrow. Muncie to-day signed another battery—Ed Donavan, of Indianapolis, catcher, and Williamson, of Shelbyville, pitcher.

Indianapolis Reserves, 8; Martinsvill Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MARTINSVILLE, Ind., May 9 .- The Indianapolis Reserves defeated the Artesian City baseball team to-day 8 to 5. Score:

Reserves1 4 1 0 0 2 0 0 0 -8 10 Martinsville1 0 0 0 0 1 3 0 0-5 12 Earned runs-Indianapolis, 1; Martinsville, 2. Struck out-By O'Connor, 10; by Conner, 4. Batteries-Indianapolis, Schaub and Conner and Walters; Martinsville, Bryant and O'Connor.

Southern League.

0-3 9 •-5 10 Batteries-Mason and O'Meara; Kling and At Nashville-

Nashville1 3 0 1 0 1 2 0 1—9 14 2 New Orleans.0 3 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 —4 4 4 Batteries-Borchers and Stallings; Flood At Macon-

Batteries-Gibbs and Hoover; Conover and At Charleston-

Charleston .. 3 2 1 2 0 1 0 0 2 0 0 1 0 0 0 0-11 12 Batteries-Klopf, McFarland and Fields; Ramsay and Jantzen.

DePauw-Butler Gan There will be an exhibition game of baseball at the Y. M. C. A. grounds this afternoon, at 3 o'clock, between the teams of DePauw and Butler. There are chances of a very close game, judging from the game of last Saturday, played at Greencastle and won by DePauw by a score of 6 to 5.

The teams will line up as follows: Scott......Bearss Bevelle......Pitcher......Hankins

MILE IN 1:42. Ashland Oaks Won by Queenlike II

in Fast Time. LEXINGTON, Ky., May 9.-This was the third day of the races. The track was fast and the attendance large. The Ashland Oaks was won in 1:42, the fastest time since its inauguration, twenty-five years

First Race-Six furlongs. Interior won; John Berkley second, Julius third. Time, Second Race-Sir Dixon purse, \$300; five furlongs. Ductor won; Carlsruhe second, Lucille third. Time, 1:04. Third Race—Ashland Oaks, for threeyear-old fillies; \$1,000 added; \$200 to second; \$100 to third; one mile. Queenlike II, 117 (A. Clayton), 4 to 1, won; Charlty, 117 (R. Williams), 7 to 2, second; Shuttle, 112 (Thorpe), 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:42. Fourth Race—Five furlongs. Rosita won; Canewood second, Basso third. Time, 1:031/2. Fifth Race-Four and a half furlongs. Ettaire won; Necedah second, Woodfield third. Time, :561/2. Winners at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, May 9 .- With a fair day and fast track the 3,500 race goers at the fair grounds to-day saw but ordinary sport. In the sixth race G. Howe, on Prince Peyton, was kicked in a general mix-up at the post and had his right leg broken. Credle was substituted. Results: First Race-Six furiongs. King Star won; Zender second, Rosebud third. Time, 1:16. Second Race-Nine-sixteenths of a mile. Leona's last won; Prince second, Boreas third. Time, :57½.

Third Race—Six furlongs. Jersey won;
Little Dorritt second, Safe Home third. Fourth Race-Six and a half furlongs. Wekota won; Resalie second, Frank R. Harf third. Time, 1:22%.

Fifth Race—Six furlongs—Magazine won;
Signora second, Indian Girl third. Time, Sixth Race-Six furlongs. Ed Gartland

won; Schuylkill second, Major Dripps third. Time, 1:15%. New England Trotting Entries. BOSTON, May 9 .- The stakes of the New England Trotting Horse Breeders' Association, which closed May 1, are announced to-day as follows: Nineteen entries in the three-year-old pacing stakes, thirty-four in

Highest of all in Leavening Power.- Latest U. S. Gov't Report



the 2:27 pacing class, fifty-four in the stake for two-year-olds that did not start as yearlings, forty-six two-year-olds eligible to the 2:40 class, forty four-year-olds eligible to the 2:30 class, sixty-four in the matron stakes, aine in the stallion produce stakes, thirtyfour in the tyro three-minute class, twentynine in the 2:30 class, twenty-seven in the 2:24 class, twenty-six in the 2:19 stallion class and eleven in the 2:14 class.

Won by Rosebery's Ladas. LONDON, May 9 .- At Newmarket to-day the two-thousand-guineas stakes was won by Lord Rosebery's Ladas.

THE ORATORICAL BATTLE.

Charges to Be Preferred Against the Nebraska Contestant.

The annual interstate oratorical contest will be held at English's Opera House tonight. The advance sale of seats has been unusually large and the attendance is expected to eclipse any of the former contests. The officers of the association and most of the contestants are already in the city. Large delegations will arrive to-day from Franklin, Butler and Wabash colleges. At two o'clock this afternoon a special train will arrive, bringing over three hundred DePauw students.

This morning, at 10 o'clock, the officers of the association will hold a business meeting at the Denison, at which the judges for the evening will be selected. At this meeting, it is said on good authority, some charges will be preferred against the representative from Nebraska which will, if sustained, bar him from the contest. It is charged that he has violated the constitution of the association. The prizes offered are \$100 to the first and

\$50 to the second. The programme of the evening is as follows:

Invocation—Dr. Joseph S. Jenckes.
Song—DePauw Quartet.
Oration—"A God on the Stage," Fred
Staff, Beloit College, Beloit, Wis.
Oration—"The Philosophy of Inequality,"
Xenophon P. Wilfley, Central College, Fay-Oration-"The Province of Faith," J. W. Wetzel, Southwest Kansas College, Win-Song-DePauw Quartet. Oration-"The Policy of Richelieu," C. F. Wishart, Monmouth College, Monmouth, Ill.

Oration—"The Humane Spirit in Modern Civilization," L. F. Dimmitt, DePauw University, Greencastle, Ind. Oration—"Statesmanship in Reform," J. F.
McConnel, Ohio Wesleyan, Delaware, O.
Song—DePauw Quartet.
Oration—"The Chinaman in Future Civilization," C. E. Burton, Carleton College,
Northfield, Minn.
Oration—"American Citizenship," Frank
C. McKean, Lenox College, Hopkinson, Ia. Song—DePauw Quartet. Oration—"The Pope in Politics," J. Stan-ley Edwards, University of Denver, Den-Oration—"Blaine, the Man," Adam McMullen, University of Nebraska, Lincoln, Neb. Decision of judges.

WEATHER FORECAST. Generally Cloudy, with Showers in Northern Portion.

WASHINGTON, May 9 .- For Indiana-Generally cloudy, with showers in northern portion; southeast winds, becoming variable, For Illinois-Cloudy, with showers; cooler Thursday evening; east winds, becoming variable. For Ohio-Increasing cloudiness; east

winds. Local Observations.

Indianapolis, Ind., May 9. rime. | Bar. Ther. R. H. | Wind. | Weather. | Fre. 7A.M. 30.12 63 47 South. Pt.cloudy 0.00 7P.M. 30.00 72 49 S'east. Pt.cloudy 0.00 Maximum temperature, 78: minimum temperature, 52. The following is a comparative statement of the temperature and precipitation, May 9, 1894:

Mean.
Departure from normal.
Excess or deficiency since May 1
Excess or deficiency since Jan 1 -0.13 *0.39 -1.85 'Plus. C. F. R. WAPPENHANS, Local Forecast Official. United States Weather

AN AGE OF CHEMISTRY. Wonderful Prediction by M. Berthelot, a French Savant. Pittsburg Dispatch.

It is difficult for ordinary mortals to say what the twentieth century may have in store for us. Mr. Tesla tells us that we shall be able to light our houses by discon-nected globes of glass, which we can make umirous and nonluminous at will by placing them within or without the influence of electrostatic currents emanating from the walls of the apartment. Mr. Edison says we shall be able to see long distances by electricity, Prof. Houston that our thoughts will be self-registering, Prof. Silspeaking by telephone with England, and Mr. Preece that we shall some day do the like with the planet Mars.

Now comes M. Berthelot, the French chemist, and one of the most eminent sa-

vants of the day, who assures us that agriculture and stock raising is doomed, and that our descendants will feed on the dainties of the chemical laboratory, prepared from carbonic acid, nitrogen and hydrogen gases. M. Berthelot foreshadows with a very liberal hand all kinds of resources of which we are now ignorant which will be placed at the service of humanity in the year 2000. There will be no use for coal mines, as the problem of combustibles will be solved by the assistance of chemistry and physics. There will be no miners' strikes, no custom duties, no wars and no frontiers watered by human blood. Aerial navigation, with its motive power supplied by chemical energy, will relegate all such obsolete institutions to the past.

We shall then be very near realizing the dreams of socialism—provided we succeed in discovering a spiritual chemistry which will change the moral nature of man as profoundly as our chemistry transforms his material nature. M. Berthelot's plan for utilizing the internal heat of the earth is ingenious. He says that to obtain the central heat it would suffice to dig wells 3,000 or 4,000 metres deep, which the engineers of the future should have no great difficulty of the future should have no great difficulty in doing. At the bottom of these wells the water would reach a very high temperature, and would consequently develop a pressure capable of keeping in motion all the machines in the world. There will be no more harvest fields, no more vineyards and no more herds of cattle, because no-body will eat bread or meat or drink wine, but confine himself to his chemical lozenge but confine himself to his chemical lozenge. Man will gain in mildness and morality, because he will cease to live by carnage, and the destruction of living creatures. The earth will be transformed into a vast garden, watered by the effusion of subterranean springs, and the human race will live on it in abundance, as in the legendary

To the charge of being visionary M. Berthelot replies that railways, steamboats, photography, telegraphy and telephony are no more wonderful than what he predicts, and they were treated as chimerical before they were realized. However mythical M. Berthelot's predictions may be, they are, on the whole, comforting, and contain nothing that is calculated to cause alarm.

"Kid" Prize Fighters.

CHICAGO, May 9.-Two ten-year-old prize fighters, with their fathers as seconds, were arrested to-day for engaging in a fierce ring battle. The boys, James Ketley and John Dewey, fought fourteen hot rounds in a grove at Vincennes avenue and Eighty-second street before a good-sized crowd last night. They were seconded and urged on by their fathers. The principals and their paternal seconds were heavily

You Can't Say as Much of Cleveland. Detroit Free Press (Dem.) No one who has followed the career of ex-President Harrison will ever accuse him of being a bungler.

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> - THIS AFTERNOON, -Grand Concert by the

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er floor, 50c; balcony, 25c. Seats on sale.

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